

Hierarchically Structured LiFePO₄/C with Enhanced Electrochemical Performance for Lithium-Ion Batteries

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Carbon-coated LiFePO₄ (LFP/C) has been subjected to extensive research due to its enhanced electronic conductivity, excellent cycling stability, and low cost for application in lithium-ion batteries (LIBs). In this paper, we report on preparation of LFP/C featured with crystalline LFP particles encapsulated into carbon matrix and its electrochemical properties. Hydroxyethyl cellulose (HEC) was employed as an in situ carbon source and structure-directing agent. Controlled anneal treatment of freezing-dried HEC-containing precursor offered the target LFP/C with superior electrochemical performance for LIBs. After 100 cycles at 0.1 and 1 C, the discharge specific capacity of the target sample retains 151.9 and 124.6 mA h g⁻¹, presenting capacity retention of 93.4% and 97.9%, respectively. This result is attributed to crystalline LFP well encapsulated into carbon matrix with enhanced degree of graphitization.

Keywords: LiFePO₄/C; Hydroxyethyl cellulose; Electrochemical performance; Lithium-ion batteries

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