A Photoelectrochemical Sensor for the Sensitive Detection of Rutin Based on a CdSe QDs Sensitized TiO₂ Photoanode

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In this paper, a CdSe quantum dots (QDs) sensitized TiO₂ photoanode was synthesized by molten-saltassisted self-assembly (MASA) on a fluorine-doped tin oxide (FTO)-coated glass (CdSe QDs-TiO₂/FTO), and an efficient photoelectrochemical (PEC) sensor was constructed for the sensitive detection of rutin. CdSe can transfer photo-excited electrons to the conduction band of TiO₂, thus enhancing the photoelectric activity of TiO₂. The experimental results show that the PEC sensor has excellent selectivity, good stability, and a wide linear response range for rutin of 0.025–50.0 μ M with a low detection limit of 0.007 μ M. Moreover, the PEC sensor was successfully applied to the detection of rutin content in serum sample.

Keywords: Photoelectrochemical sensor; CdSe QDs; TiO₂; molten-salt-assisted self-assembly; rutin

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