

Enhanced Visible Light-driven Photocatalytic Activities of Ag₃PO₄ Modified Electrochemically Anodized TiO₂ Nanotube Arrays

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In this work, the Ag₃PO₄/TiO₂ nanotube arrays (TNTAs) composite photocatalysts were successfully prepared by a facile chemical impregnation method, and their photocatalytic properties were investigated. It was found that the TNTAs sample, which was prepared by electrochemical anodization, consisted of a highly ordered array of nanotubes with a diameter of about 110 ± 10 nm. For the Ag₃PO₄/TNTAs sample, Ag₃PO₄ nanoparticles (ca. 2~8 nm) were uniformly distributed on the surface of TNTAs. The TNTAs sample mainly absorbed ultraviolet light and rarely visible light. In contrast, the Ag₃PO₄/TNTAs sample absorbed much stronger visible light while maintaining ultraviolet light absorption. More importantly, the visible light photocatalytic activity of Ag₃PO₄/TNTAs for rhodamine B (RhB) degradation was much better than that of TNTAs, and the photodegradation rate constant of Ag₃PO₄/TNTAs was about 2.6 times that of TNTAs. The improved photocatalytic activity of Ag₃PO₄/TNTAs could be attributed to the following two aspects: (1) the loading of Ag₃PO₄ could improve the visible light absorption performance and spectral utilization efficiency of TNTAs; and (2) the heterojunctions formed between Ag₃PO₄ and TNTAs could be beneficial for the separation and transfer of photogenerated charges, which would greatly improve the photocatalytic performance of TNTAs.

Keywords: TiO₂ nanotube arrays (TNTAs); Ag₃PO₄ nanoparticles; Electrochemical anodization; Composite photocatalysts; Photocatalytic activities

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